

Skrót przedmiotowy konkursu
gJA -- 2018/2019
(numer porządkowy z kodowania)



Nr identyfikacyjny - wyjaśnienie

g – gimnazjum, symbol przedmiotu (JA – język angielski), numer porządkowy wyniku z numeru stolika wylosowanego przez ucznia

**WOJEWÓDZKI KONKURS PRZEDMIOTOWY
z języka angielskiego dla uczniów dotychczasowych gimnazjów
i klas dotychczasowych gimnazjów 2018/2019**

TEST ELIMINACJE REJONOWE*

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Arkusz liczy 10 stron i zawiera 10 zadań.• Przed rozpoczęciem pracy sprawdź, czy Twój arkusz jest kompletny. Jeżeli zauważysz usterki, zgłoś je Komisji Konkursowej.• Zadania czytaj uważnie i ze zrozumieniem.• Odpowiedzi wpisuj długopisem bądź piórem, kolorem czarnym lub niebieskim.• Dbaj o czytelność pisma i precyzję odpowiedzi.• W zadaniach zamkniętych prawidłową odpowiedź zaznacz stawiając znak X na odpowiedniej literze.• Jeżeli się pomylisz, błędne zaznaczenie otocz kółkiem i zaznacz znakiem X inną odpowiedź.• Oceniane będą tylko te odpowiedzi, które umieścisz w miejscu do tego przeznaczonym.• Obok każdego numeru zadania podana jest maksymalna liczba punktów możliwa do uzyskania za prawidłową odpowiedź.• Pracuj samodzielnie. Postaraj się udzielić odpowiedzi na wszystkie pytania.• Nie używaj korektora. Jeśli się pomylisz, przekreśl błędną odpowiedź i wpisz poprawną.• Nie używaj pomocy (np. kalkulator), jeżeli nie pozwala na to regulamin konkursu. <p><i>Powodzenia!</i></p>	<p>Czas pracy:</p> <p>90 min.</p>
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Wypełnia Komisja Konkursowa po zakończeniu sprawdzenia prac

Imię i nazwisko ucznia

.....

Zadanie	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	Razem
Punkty możliwe do uzyskania	5	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	5	10	90 pkt.
Punkty uzyskane										pkt

Podpisy członków komisji sprawdzających prace:

1. (imię i nazwisko).....(podpis)
2. (imię i nazwisko).....(podpis)

Zadanie I (0-5)

Przeczytaj tekst o mieście w Australii, który został podzielony na pięć części (A–E) oraz pytania go dotyczące (1.–5.). Do każdego pytania dopasuj właściwą część tekstu. Wpisz rozwiązania do tabeli.

	In which paragraph does the author	
1.	make a comparison of two places?	
2.	give reason why people made a decision to live below the surface of the earth?	
3.	present Coober Pedy as a place of a competition?	
4.	refer to the foundation of the town?	
5.	mention unusual equipment people alternatively use?	

The town of Coober Pedy

A. Walk into the small Australian town of Coober Pedy on any given day, and you will get the strange feeling of an abandoned ghost town - one where even the buildings seem to have been destroyed, leaving behind just barren land. So why even call it a town? Because that's exactly what it is - a town with over 4,000 plus residents of 48 nationalities all of whom live underground! Located in the Australian Outback about 846 km north of Adelaide, Coober Pedy was established in 1915, following the discovery of opal - a precious stone.

B. As people from across the country and the world flocked to mine the stone, they realized that while working under the ground was easy, living above it was not because of extreme temperatures. Therefore, they did what humans do best when faced with a situation they cannot change - adapt! In this case it meant living underground by converting old mines into homes and establishing the world's first, and most likely, the only underground town.

C. As years have gone by, the homes have become bigger and more sophisticated. There are now also several hotels and inns to accommodate tourists that flock in from all over the world to see this unusual town. And while the structures may be located underground, they are in no way inferior to their counterparts that lie above. Not only do the interiors take full advantage of the beautiful red rock, but they also feature all the modern amenities like walk-in closets, modern kitchens and televisions. And if that is not enough, the town also has gift shops selling opal jewelry, a couple of museums and even a church!

D. For those that need some physical activity, the town offers a golf course - one of the few signs of civilization that is situated above the ground. But even then, it is not an ordinary course. Instead of grass and trees, it includes a huge sand trap and nine holes dug in it. When it is too hot, keen golfers play at night using 'glow in the dark' golf balls.

E. Besides being the opal capital of the world and a popular tourist destination, Coober Pedy is also favorite among filmmakers and has been prominently featured in movies such as Pitch Black or Red Planet. The town was also the venue for the contestants of the second season of the CBS television show 'The Amazing Race'. Their challenge? Either to play three rounds of golf on the world's hottest golf course or go underground in search of opal!

adapted from www.dogonews.com/

Zadanie II (0-10)

Uzupełnij każde z poniższych zdań (1.-10.) jednym pasującym słowem. Wymagana jest całkowita poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych słów. Liczba kresek odpowiada liczbie brakujących liter w słowie. Niektóre litery zostały już podane.

1. I've got a lot of hobbies, but horse riding is my favorite _ _ _ t _ _ _.
2. My dad is such a _ _ n _ _ _ _ person. He always gives money to poor people and helps them a lot.
3. "Please stop talking or I will lose my _ _ _ i _ _ _ _ ", the lecturer said angrily.
4. Parents will be back in an hour. In the _ _ _ _ t _ _ _ we can tidy up the mess we've made.
5. The detailed _ _ _ l _ _ _ _ _ _ _ you gave let me understand who caused the misunderstanding.
6. Please, don't _ _ a _ _ Cindy for what happened. This time it is my fault.
7. Put the names of all students going on a trip in an _ _ _ _ a _ _ _ _ _ _ order.
8. During the meeting with children, the Duchess of Cambridge told them that she is a keen _ _ _ p _ _ _ _ _ of Arsenal.
9. It's common _ _ _ _ l _ _ _ _ that swimming is the best form of exercise.
10. I woke up late, had to run to catch the tram, so I was totally out of _ _ _ a _ _ as I got to school.

Zadanie III (0-10)

Przeczytaj zdania (1.-10.). Zaznacz poprawną odpowiedź A, B, C lub D.

1. I love walking on warm sand with my _____ feet.
A. plain B. naked C. shoeless D. bare
2. My dog was afraid when it saw its _____ in the mirror.
A. sight B. look C. picture D. reflection
3. My neighbour is offering a _____ of £200 to anyone who will find his car keys.
A. reward B. price C. money D. prize
4. People generally _____ their head to express agreement or approval.
A. shake B. move C. nod D. turn
5. Her new jacket is great. Its colour _____ her.
A. suits B. matches C. fits D. looks

6. Moving to another city was a _____ decision for my family to make, but it was the right one.
 A. firm B. strong C. hard D. powerful
7. When Gina heard the sad news, she _____ and cried.
 A. broke out B. broke off C. broke up D. broke down
8. The girl lent some money to a person she hardly knew. She didn't use her _____ sense.
 A. usual B. common C. simple D. ordinary
9. The weather is so bad today that we will have to _____ the match until Friday.
 A. make out B. put off C. hold up D. leave out
10. Some fishermen were fishing on the river_____.
 A. coast B. shore C. bank D. border

Zadanie IV (0-10)

Przeczytaj zdania (1.-10.). W każdym ze zdań przekształć słowo podane na końcu linijki, tak aby pasowało logicznie i gramatycznie do zdania. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna wpisywanych słów.

1. There's such a big _____ between Sue and Jane although they're not sisters. **SIMILAR**
2. Do you know how many _____ live in New York? **INHABIT**
3. Jackson claims that he was _____ punished by the judge. **FAIR**
4. Everyone should pay more attention to the _____ people and help them if they need it. **ABLE**
5. Mrs. Brown made a _____ about the quality of the blouse which she'd bought a few days ago. **COMPLAIN**
6. I can't understand how you could have been so _____ to me, I've always trusted you and treated as my best friend! **LOYAL**
7. The authorities made a decision to _____ the road because the traffic there was 'bumper to bumper'. **WIDE**
8. Her _____ to cooperate with us surprised everybody. **REFUSE**
9. John started to _____ from the nose after another boy hit him during the basketball match. **BLOOD**
10. I had no idea there were some precious coins in the old chest of drawers. I found them _____ while I was looking for a family album. **ACCIDENT**

Zadanie V (0-10)

Przeczytaj zdania (1.-10.), następnie uzupełnij lukę w zdaniu jednym wyrazem, tak aby otrzymać logiczne zdanie.

1. You can depend _____ me. You know I'll never disappoint you.
2. It's only November but I'm already looking _____ to my summer holidays.
3. The road sign says motorists mustn't drive faster than 100 miles _____ hour.
4. I'm in _____ of the changes while my friends are against them.
5. _____ idea was it to invite Robert to the party? It wasn't mine.
6. After we arrived _____ London, we immediately went to our hotel.
7. Don't worry you forget the grammar rules easily. _____ or later you'll remember them.
8. Do you know how long parrots live _____ average?
9. The restaurant we usually go to no longer seems to be _____ to standard it should be.
10. When I heard this terrifying story about Bill's holiday adventure, my hair stood on _____.

Zadanie VI (0-10)

Przeczytaj zdania (1.-10.), następnie przetłumacz fragmenty zdań podane w nawiasach na język angielski.

1. Jack (*chce*) _____ to be a professional football player since he first saw a football match live.
2. Don't interrupt him before he (*skończy*) _____ his work.
3. (*Nie zamykajmy*) _____ the windows. It's very hot in this room.
4. You won't guess how many times my car (*było naprawiane*) _____ this year.
5. Did you hear (*jak powiedział*) _____ he was furious?
6. Your bike is making strange noises. You ought to (*dać go do sprawdzenia*) _____.
7. Since when (*musisz*) _____ get up so early?
8. Mary (*wyglądała pięknie*) _____ in her evening dress.
9. Caroline has two brothers. (*Żaden z nich*) _____ wants to study medicine.
10. The bookstore owner told me that the book (*została już zamówiona*) _____.

Zadanie VII (0-10)

Przeczytaj zdania (1.-10.). Wykorzystując wyrazy podane drukowanymi literami, uzupełnij każde zdanie z luką, tak aby zachować sens zdania wyjściowego. Wymagana jest pełna poprawność ortograficzna i gramatyczna wpisywanych fragmentów zdań. **Uwaga:** nie zmieniaj formy podanych wyrazów. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie pięć wyrazów, wliczając w to wyraz już podany.

1. "You can't travel alone", said my father. **OBJECTED**

My father _____ alone.

2. I was about to start to eat supper when my cousin dropped in. **POINT**

I was _____ to eat supper when my cousin dropped in.

3. I advise you not to reject this offer of a summer job. **BETTER**

You _____ this offer of a summer job.

4. It was unkind of you to tell the lecturer that the lecture was boring. **OUGHT**

You _____ the lecturer that the lecture was boring.

5. The soldiers admired their commander for his courage. **LOOKED**

The soldiers _____ their commander for his courage.

6. Take some money. You may want to buy something to eat. **CASE**

Take some money _____ to buy something to eat.

7. As I get older, I appreciate my parents more. **THE**

The older I get, _____ my parents.

8. The TV reporter broke the news about the hurricane. **BY**

The news about the hurricane _____ the TV reporter.

9. We want to play basketball this afternoon, not football. **RATHER**

We _____ football this afternoon.

10. He did his best because he wanted to win the competition. **AS**

He did his best _____ the competition.

Zadanie VIII (0-10)

Przeczytaj zdania (1.-10.). Zaznacz poprawną odpowiedź A, B, C lub D.

1. There were hardly_____ people who wanted to help us.
A. all B. any C. no D. some
2. I adore the picture_____ frame is golden.
A. which B. that C. whose D. where
3. There's_____ in keeping the event secret. Everybody knows about it.
A. no use B. no point C. not worth D. pointless
4. Everyone must follow the regulations, _____?
A. don't they B. must he C. mustn't they D. doesn't he
5. No matter how _____ he worked, he wasn't the best student.
A. harder B. hardest C. hardly D. hard
6. Mary bought a loaf of bread, but when she returned home, she realized she _____ it because there was too much bread at home.
A. needn't buy B. didn't have to C. didn't need to buy D. needn't have bought
7. You should feed your fish once _____ day .
A. - B. the C. a D. any
8. It's a pity my cousins are leaving for Australia tomorrow. I wish they _____ .
A. weren't B. didn't C. aren't D. won't
9. The prisoner _____ bars in his prison cell and escaped.
A. sowed B. sawn C. sewed D. sawed
10. Hardly_____ the office when the manager called him.
A. he entered B. has he entered C. had he entered D. he had entered

Zadanie IX (0-5)

Ułóż zdania z rozsypanych wyrazów. Należy wykorzystać wszystkie wyrazy.

1. they bought the present brand had themselves Porsche new down as a broke wedding.

2. George's is desert escape to a to go island in from order dream problems to his

3. the very project to hard year had researchers for a to work complete the

4. hadn't behaving as child since things if changed you stop were a

5. you many tell you me how were truant times played when you at can school

Zadanie X (0-10)

Zaznacz poprawną odpowiedź A, B, C lub D.

1. How often do General Elections in Great Britain take place?

- A. every three years
- B. every six years
- C. every four years
- D. every five years

2. The oldest college in Cambridge is _____.
A. Robinson College
B. Peterhouse
C. Christ College
D. King's College
3. Who designed St. Paul's Cathedral?
A. Sir Charles Barry
B. Sir David Cameron
C. Sir Christopher Wren
D. Sir John Nash
4. The Haight-Ashbury district of San Francisco gave rise to _____ in the mid 1960s.
A. hippies
B. goths
C. punks
D. rappers
5. The city of York used to be the capital of a(n) _____ kingdom.
A. Viking
B. Scottish
C. Norman
D. Anglo-Saxon
6. Northern Ireland is also called _____.
A. Eerie
B. the Republic
C. Ulster
D. Albion

7. On Memorial Day, American people honour _____.
A. great presidents
B. the first settlers
C. Martin Luther King Jr
D. people who died in wars
8. Which of these is NOT an American university?
A. MIT
B. Eton
C. Harvard
D. Yale
9. The first Europeans who settled in Manhattan were _____.
A. the Dutch
B. the Spanish
C. the English
D. the French
10. The Declaration of Independence was signed in _____.
A. New York
B. Boston
C. Philadelphia
D. Washington